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Mark Scheme (Results)

## January 2013

International GCSE
Chemistry (4CH0) Paper 2C
Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Chemistry (KCHO) Paper 2C

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| Question <br> number | Expected Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 (a) | bar drawn at height of 32 <br> bar drawn at height of 8 <br> bar drawn at height of 62-64 | 2 marks for all 3 <br> 1 mark for any 2 <br> horizontal lines at <br> correct heights <br> vertical lines ending at <br> correct heights |  | 2 |
| (b) | M1 - capric AND palmitic solid | S | any other state <br> symbols | 1 |
|  | M2 - formic liquid | I |  | 1 |



| Question number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | M1 - at least two layers of circles drawn with the majority touching one another <br> M2 - no regular pattern overall <br> (particles/they are) more closely packed <br> or <br> (particles they are) closer together <br> or <br> more (particles of them) in a given volume/in the tank | less space between particles, etc <br> molecules or atoms for particles <br> reverse arguments | oxygen in place of particles | 1 |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | M1 - bright/brilliant/blinding/white flame <br> M2 - white powder / solid / smoke / ash MgO | light for flame <br> correct formula as part of an equation | any other colour glow for flame | $1$ |
| (c) (i) <br> (ii) | base/alkali <br> $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$/ hydroxide | basic/alkaline (it) forms hydroxide ions (in water) | contains hydroxide ions | 1 1 |
|  |  |  | Total | 8 |


| Question number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) | M1 - bubbles (of gas) / fizzing / effervescence <br> M2- lump/calcium carbonate/solid disappears/gets smaller | gas/carbon dioxide given off <br> dissolves forms a colourless solution |  | 1 |
| (b) | M1 - (bubble through) limewater/calcium hydroxide solution <br> M2 - (goes) milky/cloudy/chalky <br> M2 dependent on M1 or near miss, e.g. $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$ IGNORE references to lighted spill goes out | white precipitate/ suspension/solid (formed) |  | 1 |
| (c) <br> (d) (i) <br> (ii) | time increases, mass decreases <br> IGNORE references to mass eventually stops decreasing <br> 3.3 to 3.5 <br> lump/calcium carbonate/solid completely reacted | reverse statement mass decreases with time (they have a) negative correlation 3 min 18 s to 3 min 30 s used up/has gone | mass goes down with no reference to time <br> has dissolved (both) reactants used up | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 4 (e) (i) | calcium chloride AND hydrochloric acid | hydrogen chloride for <br> hydrochloric acid <br> correct formulae |  | 1 |
| (ii) | IGNORE carbon dioxide / carbonic acid / calcium <br> carbonate <br> calcium chloride AND hydrochloric acid <br> IGNORE carbon dioxide / carbonic acid | M1 - steeper curve to left of original starting at, or close <br> to (100,0) <br> M2 - levels at 98.4 g | hydrogen chloride for <br> hydrochloric acid <br> correct formula | calcium <br> carbonate |


| Question number | Answer |  |  |  | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) | Salt made | Acid used |  |  | correct formulae <br> silver ethanoate |  | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | NameSolid or <br> aqueous <br> solution |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | sulfuric (acid) |  | solid |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | silver nitrate |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | nitric (acid) |  | solid/ aqueous/ solution |  |  |  |
| (b) | $\mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow$ <br> - form <br> - balan | $+\mathrm{HSO}_{4}^{-} / \mathrm{H}_{2}$ <br> of both ions co equation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O}_{4} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{l} \\ & \text { rect } \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{H}^{+}+\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}$ |  | $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$in place of $\mathrm{H}^{+}$ |  | 2 |


| Question Number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (c) | M1- dissolve both (lead(II) nitrate and sodium chloride) in water <br> penalise M1 is any other reagents added | dissolve one in water |  | 1 |
|  | M2-mix/add (the two solutions) | react |  | 1 |
|  | M3-filter | decant |  | 1 |
|  | M4 - wash residue/solid/lead ((II)) chloride (with deionised/distilled water) |  |  | 1 |
|  | M5 - dry on filter paper/in a (warm) oven/leave to dry /heat | other sensible methods of drying | strong heating | 1 |
|  |  |  | Total | 12 |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question number \& Answer \& Accept \& Reject \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Mar } \\
\text { ks }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 6 (a) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{11}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}
\] \\
Ignore yeast
\end{tabular} \& \& lower case symbols and numbers not given as subscripts \& 1 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
(b) (i) \\
(ii)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
no more bubbles/fizzing/effervescence \\
IGNORE when no more ethanol is formed/all the glucose has reacted/all the yeast has reacted/references to mass/references to temperature filtration/filtering \\
IGNORE sieving
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
no more gas/carbon dioxide given off \\
decant
\end{tabular} \& evaporation/distillation \& 1

1 <br>

\hline | (c) (i) |
| :--- |
| (ii) | \& | (the elements of) water removed |
| :--- |
| aluminium oxide $/ \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ | \& | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ removed 2 hydrogen (atoms) and 1 oxygen (atom) are removed |
| :--- |
| (concentrated) sulfuric acid (concentrated) phosphoric acid | \& dilute acid phosphorus/phosphorous \& 1

1 <br>

\hline | (iii) |
| :--- |
| (iv) | \& | chlorine (gas) / $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ |
| :--- |
| If both name and formula given, both must be correct $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{2}(=) \mathrm{CHCl}+\mathrm{HCl}$ | \& correct name or formula as part of an equation

$$
\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \text { for } \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}
$$ \& chloride / Cl ${ }^{-}$ \& 1

1 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question Number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) (i) <br> (ii) |  <br> IGNORE bond angles and positions of H and Cl relative to each other <br> Any three from: <br> M1 - (one bond in the) double bond breaks <br> M2 - small molecules/monomers/chloroethene molecules join together <br> M3 - to form a (long) chain/macromolecule <br> M4 - product/polymer contains only single bonds |  |  | 3 |
|  |  |  | Total | 11 |


| Question number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) (i) | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { M1 - } & \frac{144}{24000} \\ \text { M2 - } & 0.006 \end{array}$ | One mark for (144 $\div$ $\text { 24) }=6$ |  | $1$ $1$ |
| (ii) | 0.006 |  |  | 1 |
| (iii) | M1 - $\frac{0.888}{0.006}$ <br> M2-148 (MUST be a whole number) |  |  | $1$ $1$ |
| (iv) | $\mathrm{M} 1-\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)=60$ <br> M2-88 <br> M3-Sr / strontium <br> Mark csq throughout part (a) | answer csq on correctly calculated value of M2 (i.e. metal closest to calculated $A_{\mathrm{r}}$ ), but must be a Group 2 metal |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |


| Question Number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (b) | Any two from: <br> M1 - gas was lost between adding acid and replacing bung <br> M2 - bung does not fit/there are leaks in the apparatus <br> M3 - some gas dissolved/reacted in the water <br> M4 - the carbonate was impure <br> M5 - the temperature (of the gas) was lower than room temperature $/ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 2 |
|  |  |  | Total | 10 |

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